FILED: NEW YORK COUNTY CLERK 08/14/2019 03:11 AM INDEX NO. 950046/2019

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EXHIBIT A

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SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK

ARK47 DOE,	Index No
Plaintiff,	SUMMONS

v.

ARCHDIOCESE OF NEW YORK; ST. JOSEPH'S; PARISH OF ST. JOSEPH – IMMACULATE CONCEPTION CATHOLIC CHURCH; and DOES 1-5 whose identities are unknown to Plaintiff,

Defendants.

TO THE ABOVE NAMED DEFENDANTS:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the Complaint, a copy of which is hereby served upon you, and to serve a copy of your Answer to the Complaint upon the undersigned attorneys listed below within twenty (20) days after the service of this Summons, exclusive of the day of service (or within thirty (30) days after the service is complete if this Summons is not personally delivered to you within the State of New York); and in the case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment by default will be taken against you for the relief demanded herein.

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Dated: August 14, 2019

New York, New York

/s/ Jeffrey R. Anderson

Jeffrey R. Anderson

J. Michael Reck

JEFF ANDERSON & ASSOCIATES, P.A.

52 Duane Street, 7th Floor

New York, NY 10007

Telephone: (646) 759-2551

Email: *Jeff@AndersonAdvocates.com*Email: *MReck@AndersonAdvocates.com*

Patrick Stoneking

Nahid A. Shaikh

ROBINS KAPLAN LLP

399 Park Avenue, Suite 3600

New York, NY 10022

Telephone: (212) 980-7400

Email: PStoneking@RobinsKaplan.com Email: NShaikh@RobinsKaplan.com

Counsel for Plaintiff

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SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK

ARK47 DOE,

Plaintiff,

v.

ARCHDIOCESE OF NEW YORK; ST. JOSEPH'S; PARISH OF ST. JOSEPH – IMMACULATE CONCEPTION CATHOLIC CHURCH; and DOES 1-5 whose identities are unknown to Plaintiff,

Defendants.

Index No. _____

COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

From approximately the years of 1968 through 1971, Fr. Donald G. Timone sexually abused Plaintiff as a child. While the abuse occurred, Defendants were generally negligent, they negligently employed Fr. Timone, and gave him access to children, including Plaintiff. This lawsuit arises out of Plaintiff's significant damages from that sexual abuse, described below. Plaintiff, by and through Plaintiff's attorneys, states and alleges as follows:

PARTIES

A. Plaintiff

- 1. At all times material to this Complaint, Plaintiff was a parishioner at St. Joseph's in Millbrook, New York. At all times material, Plaintiff resided in the State of New York.
 - 2 Plaintiff brings this action under a pseudonym with leave of Court.

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B. Defendants

3. Whenever reference is made to any Defendant entity, such reference

includes that entity, its parent companies, subsidiaries, affiliates, predecessors, and

successors. In addition, whenever reference is made to any act, deed, or transaction of

any entity, the allegation means that the entity engaged in the act, deed, or transaction by

or through its officers, directors, agents, employees, or representatives while they were

actively engaged in the management, direction, control, or transaction of the entity's

business or affairs.

4. At all times material, Defendant Archdiocese of New York ("Archdiocese")

was and continues to be an organization or entity which includes, but is not limited to,

civil corporations, decision making entities, officials, and employees, authorized to

conduct business and conducting business in the State of New York with its principal

place of business at 1011 First Avenue, New York, NY 10022.

5. The Archdiocese was created in approximately 1850. Later, the Archdiocese

created a corporation called the Archdiocese of New York to conduct some of its affairs.

The Archdiocese operates its affairs as both a corporate entity and as the organization

known as the Archdiocese of New York. Both of these entities and all other affiliated

corporations and entities controlled by the Archbishop are included in this Complaint as

the "Archdiocese." The Archdiocese functions as a business by engaging in numerous

revenue producing activities and soliciting money from its members in exchange for its

services.

6. The Archdiocese has several programs that seek out the participation of

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children including, but not limited to, schools and other educational programs. The Archdiocese, through its officials, has complete control over those activities and programs involving children. The Archdiocese has the power to appoint, train, supervise, monitor, remove, and terminate each and every person working with children within the Archdiocese.

- 7. At all times material, St. Joseph's was an organization authorized to conduct business and conducting business in the State of New York, with its principal place of business at 15 North Avenue, Millbrook, NY 11545. St. Joseph's includes, but is not limited to, St. Joseph's and any other organizations and/or entities operating under the same or similar name with the same or similar place of business.
- 8. At all times material, Parish of St. Joseph Immaculate Conception Church was and continues to be an organization authorized to conduct business and conducting business in the State of New York, with its principal places of business at 15 North Avenue, Millbrook, NY 12545, 400 Clinton Corners Road, Clinton Corners, NY 12514 and 64 Hunns Lake Road, Bangall, NY 12506. Upon information and belief, St. Joseph absorbed the Church of the Immaculate Conception in a de facto merger or a series of de facto mergers. Upon information and belief, St. Joseph Immaculate Conception Church continued the missions and ministry of St. Joseph's and the Church of the Immaculate Conception, and remained under the direct authority, control and province of the Archdiocese of New York and the Archbishop of the Archdiocese of New York after the merger(s). Upon information and belief, the Church of Immaculate Conception and St. Joseph ceased ordinary business operations as soon as possible after the transaction(s),

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and St. Joseph - Immaculate Conception Church assumed the Church of the Immaculate

Conception and St. Joseph's liabilities ordinarily necessary for the uninterrupted

continuation of the Church of the Immaculate Conception and St. Joseph's operations and

business with a continuity of management, personnel, physical location and general

business operation. St. Joseph - Immaculate Conception Church includes, but is not

limited to, the parish corporation and any other organizations and/or entities operating

under the same or similar names with the same or similar principal places of business.

9. St. Joseph – Immaculate Conception Church and St. Joseph's are collectively

and interchangeably referred to herein as "Parish."

10. At all times material, the Parish was and continues to be under the direct

authority, control, and province of Defendant Archdiocese and the Archbishop of

Defendant Archdiocese. Defendant Parish includes any school affiliated with St. Joseph.

At all times material, Defendant Parish was under the direct authority, control, and

province of Defendant Archdiocese and the Archbishop of Defendant Archdiocese. At all

times material, Defendants Parish and Archdiocese owned, operated, managed,

maintained, and controlled the Parish.

11. Defendants Does 1 through 5 are unknown agents whose identities will be

provided when they become known pursuant to C.P.L.R. § 1024.

JURISDICTION

12 This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to C.P.L.R. § 301 as Defendants'

principal places of business are in New York and because the unlawful conduct

complained of herein occurred in New York.

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13. Venue is proper pursuant to C.P.L.R. § 503 in that New York County is the principal place of business of Defendant Archdiocese. In addition, many of the events giving rise to this action occurred in New York County.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

A. **Background**

- 14. The hierarchy of the Roman Catholic Church and, by implication these Defendants, have been aware of the serious problem of clergy sexual abuse of children since at least the 1800s.
- 15. Further, Roman Catholic Church officials, including these Defendants, have used their power and influence to prevent victims and their families from disclosing allegations of abuse.
- 16. Additionally, Plaintiff's relationship to Defendants and Fr. Timone, as a vulnerable child and parishioner at Parish was one in which Plaintiff was subject to the ongoing influence of Defendants and Fr. Timone, Plaintiff's abuser.

В. **Specific Allegations**

- 17. At all times material, Fr. Timone was a Roman Catholic cleric employed by the Archdiocese and/or Parish. Fr. Timone remained under the direct supervision, employ, and control of Defendants.
- 18. Defendants placed Fr. Timone in positions where he had access to and worked with children as an integral part of his work.
- 19. Plaintiff was raised in a devout Roman Catholic family and attended Parish in New York, in the Archdiocese. Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family came in contact with Fr.

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Timone as an agent and representative of Defendants, and at St. Joseph.

20. Plaintiff, as a youth, participated in activities at Parish. Plaintiff, therefore,

developed great admiration, trust, reverence, and respect for the Roman Catholic Church,

including Defendants and their agents, including Fr. Timone. During and through these

activities, Plaintiff, as a minor and vulnerable child, was dependent on Defendants and

Fr. Timone. Defendants had custody of Plaintiff and accepted the entrustment of Plaintiff

and, therefore, had responsibility for Plaintiff and authority over Plaintiff.

21. From approximately 1968 to 1971, when Plaintiff was approximately 14 to

18 years old, Fr. Timone engaged in unpermitted sexual contact with Plaintiff.

COUNT I: NEGLIGENCE

22 Plaintiff realleges paragraphs 1-21 above.

23. Each Defendant owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care to protect the

Plaintiff from injury.

24. Each Defendant owed Plaintiff a duty of care because each Defendant had

a special relationship with Plaintiff.

25. Defendants also had a duty arising from the special relationship that existed

with Plaintiff's parents, and other parents of young, innocent, vulnerable

children in the Archdiocese of New York to properly train and supervise its clerics. This

special relationship arose because of the high degree of vulnerability of the children

entrusted to their care. As a result of this high degree of vulnerability and risk of sexual

abuse inherent in such a special relationship, Defendants had a duty to establish

measures of protection not necessary for persons who are older and better able to

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safeguard themselves.

26. Each Defendant owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from harm

because each Defendant also had a special relationship with Fr. Timone.

27. Defendants owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care because they solicited

youth and parents for participation in their youth programs; encouraged youth and

parents to have the youth participate in their programs; undertook custody of minor

children, including Plaintiff; promoted their facilities and programs as being safe for

children; held their agents, including Fr. Timone, out as safe to work with children;

encouraged parents and children to spend time with their agents; and/or encouraged

their agents, including Fr. Timone, to spend time with, interact with, and recruit children.

28. By accepting custody of the minor Plaintiff, Defendants established an *in*

loco parentis relationship with Plaintiff and in so doing, owed Plaintiff a duty to protect

Plaintiff from injury. Further, Defendants entered into a fiduciary relationship with

Plaintiff by undertaking the custody, supervision of, and/or care of the minor Plaintiff.

As a result of Plaintiff being a minor, and by Defendants undertaking the care and

guidance of the Plaintiff, Defendants also held a position of empowerment over Plaintiff.

Further, Defendants, by holding themselves out as being able to provide a safe

environment for children, solicited and/or accepted this position of empowerment.

Defendants, through its employees, exploited this power over Plaintiff and, thereby, put

the minor Plaintiff at risk for sexual abuse.

29. By establishing and/or operating the Archdiocese and Parish, accepting the

minor Plaintiff as a participant in their programs, holding their facilities and programs

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out to be a safe environment for Plaintiff, accepting custody of the minor Plaintiff in loco

parentis, and by establishing a fiduciary relationship with Plaintiff, Defendants entered

into an express and/or implied duty to properly supervise Plaintiff and provide a

reasonably safe environment for children, who participated in their programs.

Defendants owed Plaintiff a duty to properly supervise Plaintiff to prevent harm from

foreseeable dangers. Defendants had the duty to exercise the same degree of care over

minors under their control as a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under

similar circumstances.

30. By establishing and operating the Archdiocese and Parish, which offered

educational programs to children and which may have included a school, and by

accepting the enrollment and participation of the minor Plaintiff as a participant in those

educational programs, Defendants owed Plaintiff a duty to properly supervise Plaintiff

to prevent harm from generally foreseeable dangers.

31. Each Defendant owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from harm

because Defendants invited Plaintiff onto their property and Fr. Timone posed a

dangerous condition on Defendants' property.

32 Each Defendant breached its duties to Plaintiff. Defendants failed to use

ordinary care in determining whether their facilities were safe and/or determining

whether they had sufficient information to represent their facilities as safe. Defendants'

breach of their duties include, but are not limited to: failure to protect Plaintiff from a

known danger, failure to have sufficient policies and procedures in place to prevent child

sex abuse, failure to properly implement policies and procedures to prevent child sex

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abuse, failure to take reasonable measures to ensure that policies and procedures to

prevent child sex abuse were working, failure to adequately inform families and children

of the risks of child sex abuse, failure to investigate risks of child molestation, failure to

properly train the employees at institutions and programs within Defendants'

geographical confines, failure to train the parishioners within Defendants' geographical

confines about the dangers of sexual abuse by clergy, failure to have any outside agency

test their safety procedures, failure to protect the children in their programs from child

sex abuse, failure to adhere to the applicable standard of care for child safety, failure to

investigate the amount and type of information necessary to represent the institutions,

programs, leaders and people as safe, failure to train their employees properly to identify

signs of child molestation by fellow employees, failure by relying upon mental health

professionals, and/or failure by relying on people who claimed that they could treat child

molesters.

33. Defendants also breached their duty to Plaintiff by failing to warn Plaintiff

and Plaintiff's family of the risk that Fr. Timone posed and the risks of child sexual abuse

in Catholic institutions. They also failed to warn them about any of the knowledge that

Defendants had about child sexual abuse.

34. Defendants additionally violated a legal duty by failing to report known

and/or suspected abuse of children by Fr. Timone and/or its other agents to the police

and law enforcement.

35. Prior to the sexual abuse of Plaintiff, Defendants learned or should have

learned that Fr. Timone was not fit to work with children. Defendants, by and through

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their agents, servants and/or employees, became aware, or should have become aware of Fr. Timone's propensity to commit sexual abuse and of the risk to Plaintiff's safety. At the very least, Defendants knew or should have known that they did not have sufficient information about whether or not their leaders and people working at Parish and other Catholic institutions within the Archdiocese of New York were safe.

- 36. Defendants knew or should have known that there was a risk of child sex abuse for children participating in Catholic programs and activities within the Archdiocese. At the very least, Defendants knew or should have known that they did not have sufficient information about whether or not there was a risk of child sex abuse for children participating in Catholic programs and activities within the Archdiocese.
- 37. Defendants knew or should have known that Defendants had numerous agents who had sexually molested children. Defendants knew or should have known that child molesters have a high rate of recidivism. They knew or should have known that there was a specific danger of child sex abuse for children participating in their youth programs.
- 38. However, despite this knowledge, Defendants negligently deemed that Fr. Timone was fit to work with children; and/or that any previous suitability problems Fr. Timone had were fixed and cured; and/or that Fr. Timone would not sexually molest children; and/or that Fr. Timone would not injure children.
- 39. Defendants' actions created a foreseeable risk of harm to Plaintiff. As a vulnerable child participating in the programs and activities Defendants offered to minors, Plaintiff was a foreseeable victim. Additionally, as a vulnerable child who Fr.

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Timone had access to through Defendants' facilities and programs, Plaintiff was a foreseeable victim.

40. As a direct result of the foregoing, Plaintiff sustained physical, emotional, and psychological injuries, along with pain and suffering. The sexual abuse and resulting injuries to Plaintiff were caused solely and wholly by reason of the negligent failures of Defendants.

COUNT II: NEGLIGENT TRAINING AND SUPERVISION OF EMPLOYEES

- 41. Plaintiff realleges paragraphs 1-40 above.
- 42 At all times material, Fr. Timone was employed by Defendants and was under each Defendant's direct supervision, employ, and control when he committed the wrongful acts alleged herein. Fr. Timone engaged in the wrongful conduct while acting in the course and scope of his employment with Defendants and/or accomplished the sexual abuse by virtue of his job-created authority.
- 43. Defendants had a duty, arising from their employment of Fr. Timone, to ensure that he did not sexually molest children.
- 44. Further, Defendants owed a duty to train and educate employees and administrators and establish adequate and effective policies and procedures calculated to detect, prevent, and address inappropriate behavior and conduct between clerics and children.
- 45. Defendants were negligent in the training, supervision, and instruction of their employees. Defendants failed to timely and properly educate, train, supervise, and/or monitor their agents or employees with regard to policies and procedures that

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should be followed when sexual abuse of a child is suspected or observed. Defendants

were additionally negligent in failing to supervise, monitor, chaperone, and/or

investigate Fr. Timone and/or in failing to create, institute, and/or enforce rules, policies,

procedures, and/or regulations to prevent Fr. Timone's sexual abuse of Plaintiff. In

failing to properly supervise Fr. Timone, and in failing to establish such training

procedures for employees and administrators, Defendants failed to exercise the degree

of care that a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under similar

circumstances.

46. As a direct result of the foregoing, Plaintiff sustained physical, emotional,

and psychological injuries, along with pain and suffering. The sexual abuse and resulting

injuries to Plaintiff were caused solely and wholly by reason of the negligent failures of

Defendants in the training and/or supervising of its employees.

COUNT III: NEGLIGENT RETENTION OF EMPLOYEES

47. Plaintiff realleges paragraphs 1-46 above.

48. At all times material, Fr. Timone was employed by Defendants and was

under each Defendant's direct supervision, employ, and control when he committed the

wrongful acts alleged herein.

49. Defendants negligently retained Fr. Timone with knowledge of Fr.

Timone's propensity for the type of behavior which resulted in Plaintiff's injuries in this

action. Defendants failed to investigate Fr. Timone's past and/or current history of sexual

abuse and, through the exercise of reasonable diligence, should have known of Fr.

Timone's propensity for child sexual abuse. Defendants should have made an

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appropriate investigation of Fr. Timone and failed to do so. An appropriate investigation

would have revealed the unsuitability of Fr. Timone for continued employment and it

was unreasonable for Defendants to retain Fr. Timone in light of the information they

knew or should have known.

50. Defendants negligently retained Fr. Timone in a position where he had

access to children and could foreseeably cause harm which Plaintiff would not have been

subjected to had Defendants taken reasonable care.

51. In failing to timely remove Fr. Timone from working with children or

terminate the employment of Fr. Timone, Defendants failed to exercise the degree of care

that a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under similar circumstances.

As a direct result of the foregoing, Plaintiff sustained physical, emotional,

and psychological injuries, along with pain and suffering. The sexual abuse and resulting

injuries to Plaintiff were caused solely and wholly by reason of the negligent failures of

Defendants in the retention of its employees.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, based on the foregoing causes of action, Plaintiff prays for

judgment against Defendants in an amount that will fully and fairly compensate Plaintiff

for Plaintiff's injuries and damages, and for any other relief the Court deems appropriate.

The amount of damages sought in this Complaint exceeds the jurisdictional limits of all

lower courts which would otherwise have jurisdiction.

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JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury of all issues so triable. Pursuant to §4 of the New

York Child Victims Act, Plaintiff is entitled to a trial preference.

Dated: August 14, 2019 New York, New York

/s/ Jeffrey R. Anderson

Jeffrey R. Anderson

J. Michael Reck

JEFF ANDERSON & ASSOCIATES, P.A.

52 Duane Street, 7th Floor

New York, NY 10007

Telephone: (646) 759-2551

Email: Jeff@AndersonAdvocates.com Email: MReck@AndersonAdvocates.com

Patrick Stoneking

Nahid A. Shaikh

ROBINS KAPLAN LLP

399 Park Avenue, Suite 3600

New York, NY 10022

Telephone: (212) 980-7400

Email: PStoneking@RobinsKaplan.com Email: NShaikh@RobinsKaplan.com

Counsel for Plaintiff